Bedsharing and Breastfeeding

Bedsharing is very common and often unplanned. Parents may bedshare because babies feed frequently at night.

The information in this handout is intended for breastfeeding mothers. Bedsharing may be risky if your baby has never been fed at the breast.

**Feed your baby at night in a safe bed** rather than on a sofa, chair, or recliner.

Make your bed safe:

- Use a firm, flat mattress.
- Move your bed away from any wall.
- Make sure there are no small spaces around the edge of your bed where your baby could become trapped.
- Do not attach a guardrail to an adult bed.
- Place your baby on their back at the level of your breast. Do not put your baby next to your face or on a pillow.
- Remove heavy blankets, extra pillows, and cords dangling near the bed.
- Do not allow sheets or blankets to cover your baby’s face or head.
- Consider putting your mattress on the floor.

These safety guidelines are very important:

- No one should sleep with your baby on a sofa, recliner, or chair.
- No one who has recently used alcohol or drugs should sleep with your baby.
- No one who has recently taken medication that makes them sleepy should sleep with your baby.
- No one who smokes should sleep with your baby.
- No one should sleep with a baby who was born premature or with a low birthweight.
- No one should leave a baby alone on an adult bed.

Be safe when not bedsharing:

- Place your baby on their back to sleep.
- Keep your baby in your room near your bed.
- Consider using a bassinet or infant bed that attaches to your bed (“co-sleeper” or “sidecar”).
- Put your baby in a clear flat space after feeding.
- Do not put your baby in a baby bed with cushioned sides.

A co-sleeper (sidecar) is an alternative to bedsharing

This information is a general guide to discuss with your health care professional. It may not apply to your family or situation.

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